Beam shaping using an ultra-high vacuum multileaf collimator and emittance exchange beamline

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Motivation

- Transformer ratio defines the maximum energy that can be transferred from driver to witness: $\Delta E_w = \mathcal{R} \Delta E_d$
 - Limited to <2 for symmetric beams but shaped beams can exceed
- Pulse shaping options: laser pulse stacking, wakefield structures, doglegs, EEX



 $\mathcal{R} = 7.8$ in PWFA

Roussel, R., et al. PRL 124.4 (2020): 044802.





Emittance exchange for advanced PWFA



- By transversely masking the beam before the EEX beamline, the final current profile is controlled
- Shaping drive and witness bunches with this approach has yielded recordbreaking transformer ratios [2]

Multileaf collimator masking

- Replace the laser cut tungsten masks in EEX beamline with a multileaf collimator (MLC)
- MLCs are commonly employed to shape radiotherapy beams
- Real-time, nearly arbitrary drive and witness beam shaping
- Highly synergistic with machine learning
- Extension of UCLA/AWA collaboration to study exotic shaped beams for HTR PWFA



Simulation



40 leaf MLC functionally equivalent to existing AWA masks

Design

- UHV compatible
- 40 leaves (20/side)
- Constant 2 mm spacing
- Magnetic coupling

- 3D printed, micro-timing belt bidirectional drivetrain modules
- 10 mm travel/leaf
- Assumes camera-based feedback



Initial friction test

- Need to ensure that the magnetic coupling is sufficient
 - Tradeoff between coupling strength and compactness
 - Breakaway force must exceed leaf+carrier weight, all friction sources, and some safety margin
 - Friction expected to be dominated by magnet-chamber interface due to substantial normal force
- Characterized breakaway force as function of vacuum chamber thickness for ¼" diameter magnets (consistent with 2 mm leaf spacing design)





Fabrication

- Almost 2000 individual parts
 - 3D printed as much as possible
- Chamber required high aspect ratio wire EDM for central slot
- Tungsten tips used multi-axis wire EDM for tapered press fit





Spaghetti and software

- 40 individual stepper controllers
- Arduino Mega controls these
- Arduino controlled over serial by laptop
 - Presently no automated feedback
- Designed with challenging EMI environment in mind
 - Double shielded, 4 twisted conductor cables connect to each stepper
 - Wires run in EMF shielded sheathes, grounded to Faraday cage electronics box



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Cleaning and installation

Beam shaping



Beam shaping detail



Summary

- Replace laser cut tungsten masks with UHV-compatible multileaf collimator in EEX beamline
 - Beam dynamics simulations indicate that realistic MLC configurations are functionally identical to existing masks
- Permits real-time, nearly arbitrary control over drive and witness bunch shaping
 - Highly synergistic with

UCLA

machine learning

- Demonstrated ability to create wide range of beams and also control fine detail
- Next steps
 - New MLC design
 - Feed-forward control to match current profile to target

ENERG

• ML control to optimize transformer ratio



References and acknowledgements

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- [2] Roussel, R., et al. "Single shot characterization of high transformer ratio wakefields in nonlinear plasma acceleration." *Physical Review Letters* 124.4 (2020): 044802.
- [3] Taşkin, Z. C., et al. "Optimal multileaf collimator leaf sequencing in IMRT treatment planning." *Operations Research* 58.3 (2010): 674-690.
- [4] Roussel, R. *Single-Shot Characterization of High Transformer Ratio Wakefields in Nonlinear Plasma Acceleration.* Dissertation. University of California, Los Angeles, 2019.
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